Role of ISI in N.E. Region

3092. SHRI KHAGEN DAS: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) Whether it is a fact that ISI is active in the North-Eastern Region of the country;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) the steps taken by Government to curb the activities of ISI in the North-East?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFHARS (SHRI L.K. ADVANI): (a) and (b) Reports indicate that Pak ISI has made concerted efforts to provide assistance to Indian insurgent groups operating in the North Eastern region from some of the neighbouring countries.

(c) Institutional arrangements have been put in place with the Government of Bangladesh and Nepal for dialolgue and cooperation have been sensitised about the activities of Pak-ISI to take precautionary measures.

Smuggling of Arms

3093. SHRI V.N. GADGIL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the extent of the prevalent arms smuggling on the Gujarat and Konkan coasts and the Rajasthan border; and

. (b) what steps Government have taken since April, 1998 to prevent these arms smuggling?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI L.K. ADVANI):

(a) Gujarat Coast: A few cases of seizure of arms have come to notice on the Gujarat Coast, which have been smuggled into the State.

The details of seizures for the years 1997 and 1998 are as under:

Year	*Revolver*	*Pistol*	*Rifles*	*Gun*
1997	13 (AK-6)	20	11	1
1998 (As on 30.6.98)	11 (AK-6)	9	2	—

Maharashtra, Goa <& Karnataka:

No instances of arms smuggling came to notice from the coastal areas in the States of Maharashtra, Goa and Karnataka during the period 1996, 1997 and 1998.

Rajasthan Border:

After the fencing of the major portion of the Indo-Pak border in Rajasthan, the smuggling of arms/anununition has been reduced to a great extent. Occasional attempts made to smuggle weapons from across the border are foiled by security forces.

(b) Steps taken by the government to prevent such smuggling activities include:

a) strengthening of BSF, BOPs an^l Intelligence network;

(b) Western portion of National High Way No. 15 has since been declared as restricted area for the foreigners;

(c) Night curfew imposed within one Km. from the international border in districts of Ganganagar, Bikaner and Barmar and Within 5 Kms in district Jaisalmer;

d) Gose cooperation and coordination is being maintained between the different agencies deployed at the border to exchange information;

(e) Joint interrorgation centres exist at Jodhpur, Bikaner, Ganganagar, Jaisalmer and Batmer for questioning suspicious persons.

(f) Collective patrolling and 'nakabandi' as well as raids are carried out by different agencies deployed at the border.

(g) Sophisticated weapons have been provided to the police personnel deployed at the border,

(h) Water Wing of the BSF, Navy, Coast Guard and Customs have- been guarding the sea routes by conducting Joint patrolling to check smuggling of arms, explosives etc.

Illegal Immigrants

3094. SHRI V.N. GADGIL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of illegal immigrants in India;

(b) what action has been taken to deport them to their respective countries;

(c) how many have been deported so far; and

(d) how many have been deported since the present Government came to power?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI L.K. ADVANI): (a) to (d) As the powers under the Foreigners Act, 1946 to identify, detect and deport foreign nationals residing illegally in various parts of the country have been entrusted to the State Govemmentv/Union Territory Administrations, such data is not centrally maintained.

The Government is, however, aware, of the problem of foreign nationals, including Bangladesh is who enter India surreptitiously from the neighbouring countries and are residing illegally in various parts of the country. Instructions have been issued to the State Govern-ments/UT Admns. from time to time, to intensify efforts to identify and deport such illegally staying foreign nationals.

आतंकवादियों द्वारा मारे गए अर्द्ध सैनिक दलों के जवानों और अधिकारियों के परिवारों को मआवजे का दिया जाना

3095. **प्रो. विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा**: क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) पिछले दो वर्षों के दौरान देश के विभिन्न भागों में आतंकवादियों द्वारा मारे गअ अर्द्ध सैनिक बलों के जवानों और अधिकारियों की संख्या कितनी है; और

(ख) उनके परिवारों को मुआवजे के भुगतान के लिए क्या क्या नियम है?

गृह मंत्री (श्री कृष्ण आडवाडी): (क) पिछले 2 वर्षों के दौरान आतंकवादियों के साथ हुई मुठभेडों में केन्द्रीय अर्द्ध सैनिक बलों के 232 कार्मिक मारे गए।

(ख) आतंकवादियों के साथ हुई मुठभेड में अपनी ड्यूटी निभाते हुए मारे गए कार्मिकों के परिवारों को निम्नलिखित सहायता दी जाती हैः

i. केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा 2 लाख रुपये की अनुग्रह राशि का भुगतान।
ii. केन्द्र सरकार कर्मचारी सामूहिक बीमा योजना (सी.जी. ई. जी. आई. एस.) के अधीन देय बीमा राशि का भुगतान।
iii. उदारीकृत पेंशन प्रदान करना।
iv. अंशदायी लाभ निधि तथा विशेष राहत निधि आदि से वित्तीय सहायता।
v. राज्य सरकारों द्वारा प्रदान की गई अनुग्रहपूर्वक राशि का भुगतान।

उपर्युक्त के अतिरिक्त, निम्नलिखित मामलों में भी सहायता दी जाती है:

i. बल के मृतक कार्मिक के आश्रितों को अनुकम्पा के आधार पर नियुक्ति।
ii. विधवाओ को रेल भाडे में रियायत।
iii. विधवाओं को पेट्रोलियम उत्पादों की एजेन्सियों का आर्बटन।
iv. कुछ वित्तीय सहायता के अलावा विधवाओं का बिना किसी खर्च के पुनर्विवाह करवा कर उनका पुनर्वास करना।

न्यायिक हिरासत में हुई मौतें

3096. **प्रो. विजय कुमार मल्होत्रा**: क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे **कि**:

(क) दिल्ली में पिछले तीन वर्षों में कानूनी हिरासत में विभन्न पुलिस थानों और तिहाड़ जेल में कितने व्यक्तियों की मृत्यु हुई;

(ख) इनमें से कितनी मौतें स्वाभाविक और कितनी अस्वाभाविक थी;